



IMvigor010: Demonstrating the predictive value of ctDNA in the post-surgical setting

Which patients will benefit from adjuvant immunotherapy?

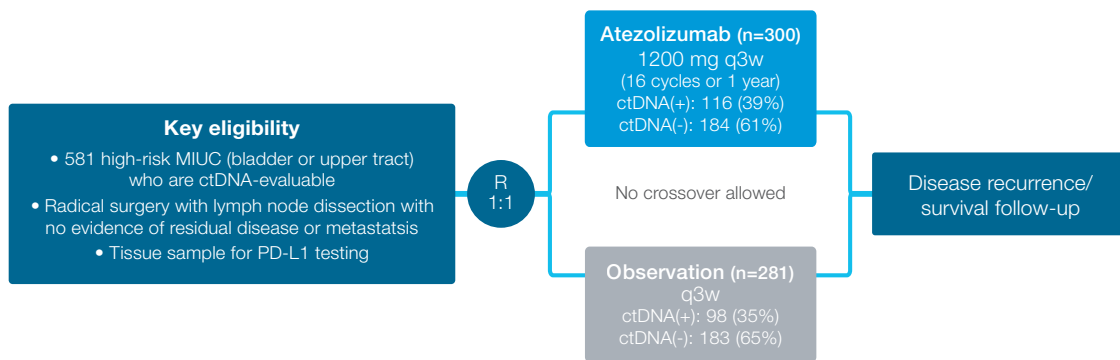
- Many patients who are cured by surgery are unnecessarily exposed to adjuvant therapy toxicities, while other patients don't receive potentially beneficial treatment until they have progressed on imaging¹

Nature 2021: ctDNA guiding adjuvant immunotherapy in urothelial carcinoma

IMvigor010 Trial Design¹

IMvigor010 is the first randomized, phase III, global registrational study, in high-risk, muscle-invasive bladder cancer (MIBC). Patients who received radical surgery were randomized 1:1 to atezolizumab or observation. The trial did not meet its primary endpoint of disease-free survival.

A prespecified ctDNA marker analysis was performed on the intent-to-treat (ITT) population with Signatera™ at the post-surgery and the 6-week on-treatment timepoints.



Endpoints

- Primary: DFS (ITT population)
- Key secondary: OS (ITT population)
- Other: Safety
- Exploratory: Predictive, prognostic and pharmacodynamic biomarkers in tumor tissue and blood, and their association with disease recurrence

Post-cystectomy MRD assessment can help risk-stratify patients and identify those with residual disease who may benefit from adjuvant treatment

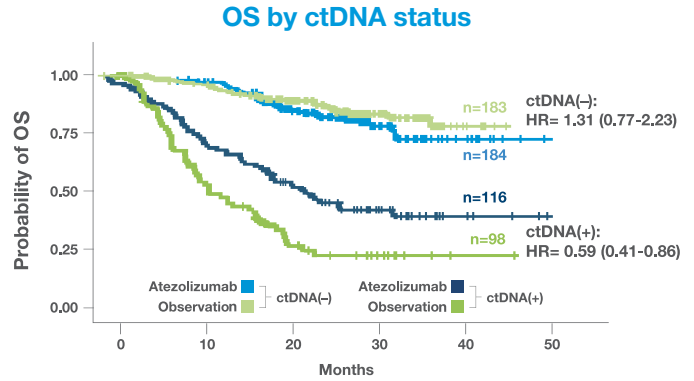
42%

decreased risk of recurrence (DFS, HR 0.58, p=0.0024) and a 41% survival benefit in ctDNA-positive patients treated with atezolizumab (OS, HR 0.59).

Key findings from IMvigor010

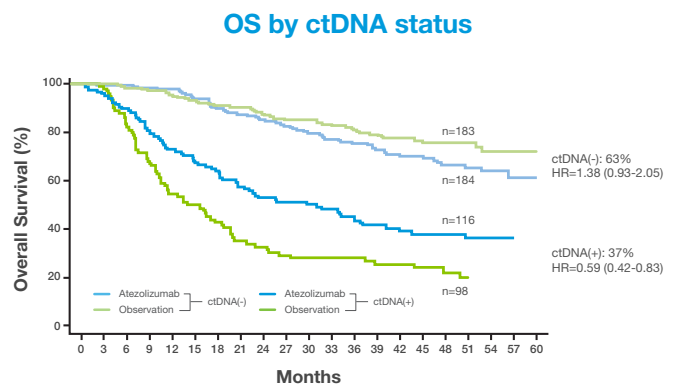
Signatera™ ctDNA-positivity after surgery is predictive of adjuvant immunotherapy benefit¹

- ctDNA-positive patients achieved improved OS when treated with adjuvant immunotherapy (OS HR=0.59)
- No treatment benefit was observed in ctDNA-negative patients treated with atezolizumab (OS, HR 1.31)
- Patients with serial negative ctDNA after cystectomy had 100% OS
- >75% of patients with detectable ctDNA post-surgery in the observation arm recurred by 20 month follow up



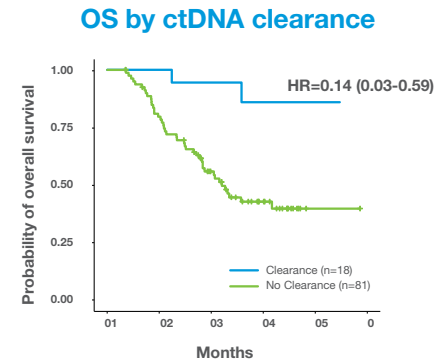
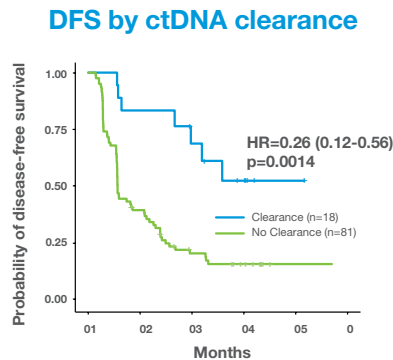
Extended analysis from IMvigor010 confirmed predictive value of Signatera™ ctDNA status at 46.8-month median follow-up (OS, HR=0.59)²

- 37% of patients were ctDNA-positive at C1D1 and ctDNA positivity predicted benefit from immunotherapy at 46.8-month median follow-up (OS, HR=0.59)
- >110% survival benefit observed in ctDNA-positive patients treated with atezolizumab (median OS: 29.8 mo vs 14.1 mo; HR 0.59)
- No treatment benefit was observed in ctDNA-negative patients treated with atezolizumab (OS, HR 1.38)



Signatera™ ctDNA clearance was associated with improved outcomes in the treatment arm¹

- ctDNA clearance at cycle 3 day 1 was associated with improved DFS and OS in the treatment arm



Signatera™ can be run at any time point on the core biopsy or surgical resection and is covered by Medicare and a growing number of commercial payers for MIBC patients and any patient being treated with immunotherapy

Learn more at natera.com/oncology



References

1. Powles T, et al. *Nature*. 2021;595(7867):432-437. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-021-03642-9>.
2. Powles T, et al. *European Urology*. 2023; <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.eururo.2023.06.007>

13011 McCallen Pass, Building A Suite 100 | Austin, TX 78753 | natera.com

The tests described have been developed and their performance characteristics determined by the CLIA-certified laboratory performing the test. The tests have not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA). Although FDA is exercising enforcement discretion of premarket review and other regulations for laboratory-developed tests in the US, certification of the laboratory is required under CLIA to ensure the quality and validity of the tests. CAP accredited, ISO 13485 certified, and CLIA certified. © 2023 Natera, Inc. All Rights Reserved. SGN_OS_IMvigor010_Publication_Summary_20231127_NAT-8021420

