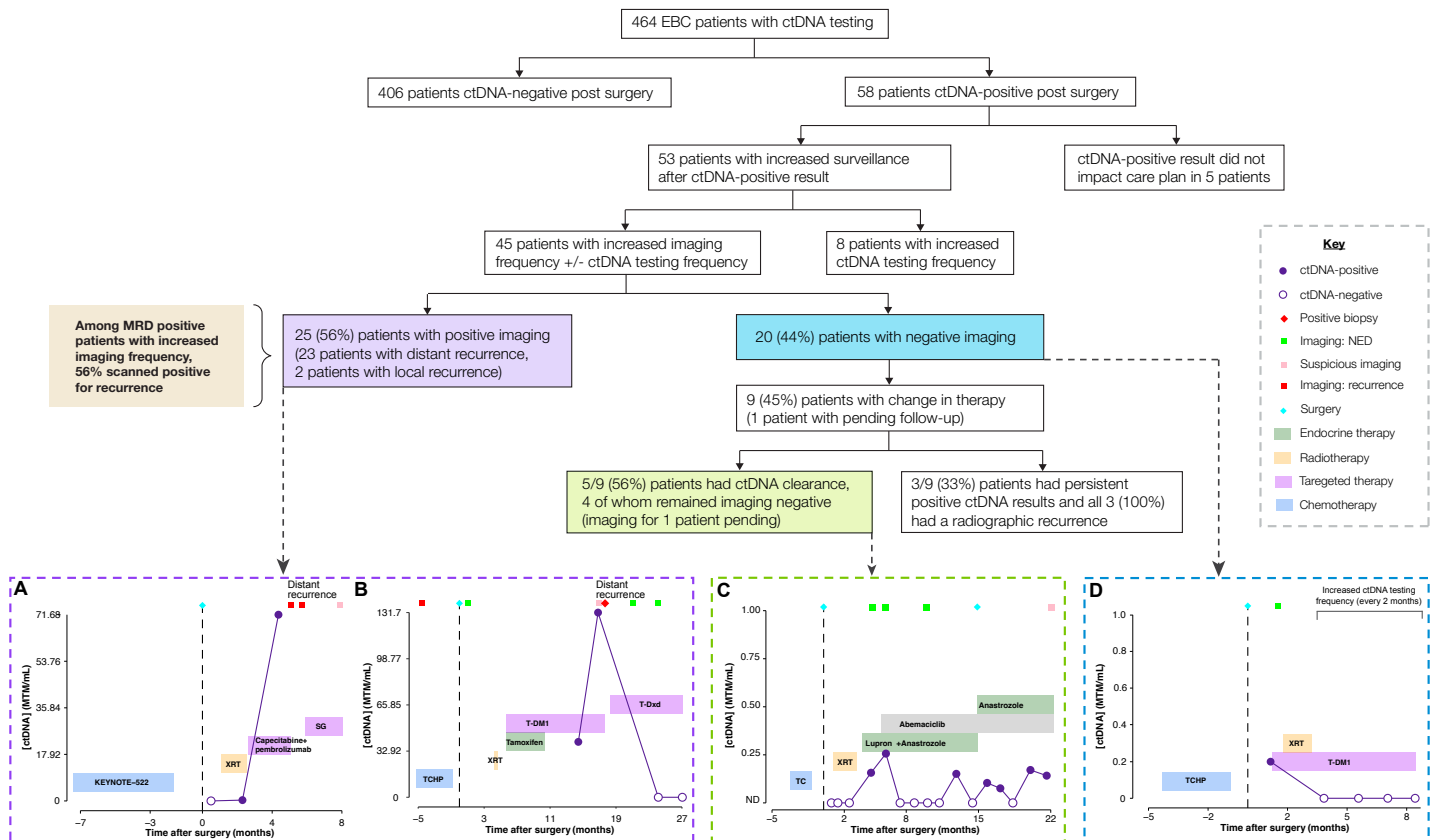


# ASCO 2024: New data shows how leading oncologists treated EBC patients with molecular residual disease (MRD), potentially impacting the trajectory of the disease

## Background:

- The presence of ctDNA has been strongly associated with recurrence yet the clinical impact of early ctDNA detection in terms of therapeutic intervention remains unclear<sup>1,2</sup>
- In this multi-institution (4 geographic US regions) retrospective real-world analysis, ctDNA detection in the adjuvant setting was investigated to determine the impact on patients with stage I-III early breast cancer (testing was conducted between 11/2020 - 01/2024)<sup>3</sup>



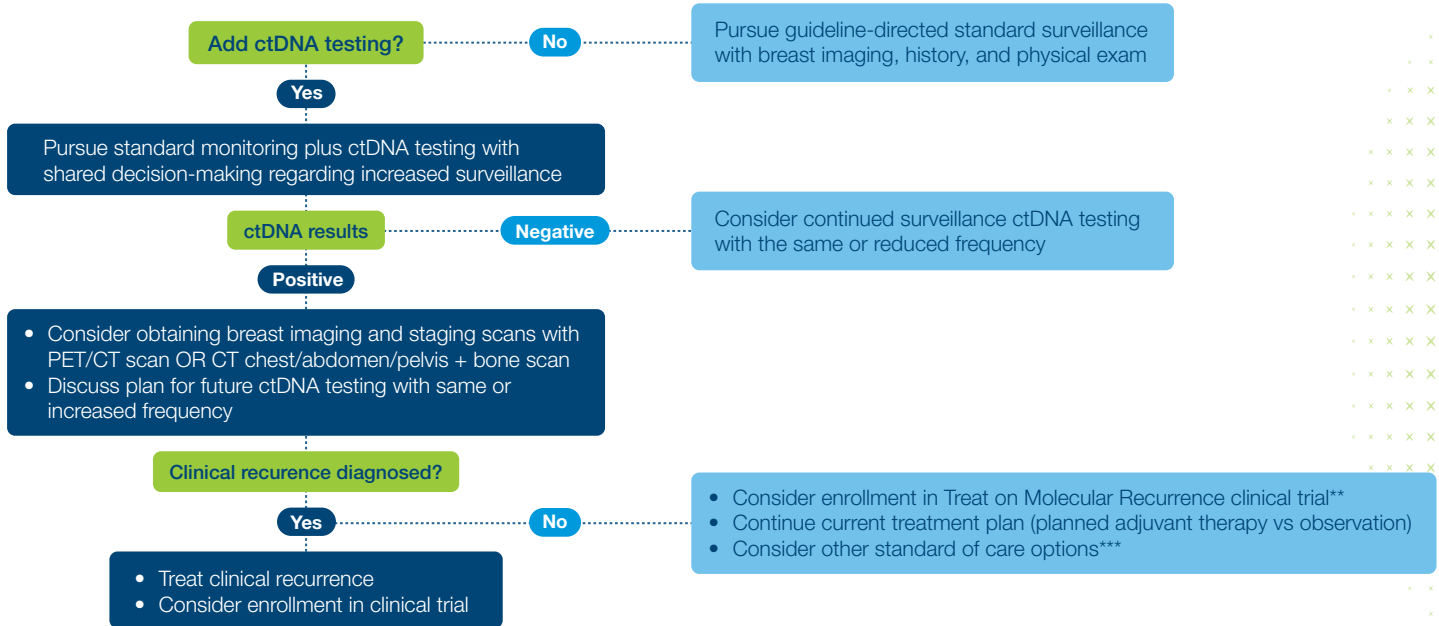
- 45% of patients with negative imaging were shown to have MRD which led to a change in therapy; 56% of these patients achieved ctDNA clearance
- A subset of patients who had a change in systemic therapy with subsequent ctDNA clearance was associated with better prognosis, compared to those patients without ctDNA clearance



ctDNA detection informed shared decision-making and impacted routine clinical care for **91% of Signatera™ positive patients with EBC**

# Real world clinical use of positive ctDNA testing in adjuvant surveillance of patients with early breast cancer

## Patient/provider shared decision-making regarding plan for adjuvant surveillance\*



\*Contributing considerations include stage, grade, tumor subtype, recurrence risk, treatment options, patient preference, and others. Shared decision-making should include discussion of potential benefits, risk, and clinical actionability associated with ctDNA testing.

\*\*Preferred

\*\*\*Some providers in this cohort elected to: change endocrine therapy (ie: tamoxifen to aromatase inhibitor + ovarian suppression), start treatment with adjuvant CDK4/inhibitor, starts treatment with adjuvant PARK inhibitor) for patients with BRCA mutations)

**Ordering Signatera™ for your breast cancer patients:** Can be run at any time point from diagnosis through survivorship, using either the core biopsy or surgical resection

**Medicare coverage:** Signatera™ is covered by Medicare for monitoring disease progression, disease recurrence, or relapse for patients with: stage II-IV breast cancer in the neoadjuvant setting, regardless of subtype; stage IIb and higher breast cancer in the adjuvant and recurrence monitoring setting

### Natera's Oncology Portfolio:

**Altera™**  
Tumor genomic profile

Add on **Altera™ Genomic Profiling test** which utilizes whole-exome and whole-transcriptome sequencing to identify clinically relevant biomarkers that may help guide treatment selection for advanced cancer patients: no additional sample needed

**Empower™**  
Hereditary cancer test

**Empower™ for hereditary cancer testing** (saliva or plasma only needed) which analyzes up to 81 genes across 12+ common hereditary cancers (panel can also be customizable, up to 190 genes) and more commonly known genes associated with breast cancer including *BRCA1*, *BRCA2*, *TP53*, *PALB2*, *ATM*, *CHEK2*, *STK11*, *PTEN* to help guide surgical and therapeutic decisions.

#### References:

1. Coombes C et al. Personalized Detection of Circulating Tumor DNA Antedates Breast Cancer Metastatic Recurrence. *Clinical Cancer Research*. 2019;25(14):4255-4263.
2. Shaw JA et al. Serial postoperative circulating tumor DNA assessment has strong prognostic value during long-term follow-up in patients with breast cancer. *JCO Precis Oncol*. 2024;8:e2300456.
3. Marla Lipsyc-Sharf et al. Impact of circulating tumor DNA (ctDNA) surveillance on clinical care for patients with stage I-III breast cancer: Findings from a multi-institutional study. ASCO Annual Meeting 2024

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